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Editorial
From the editor’s desk

It has been an exciting few months at the PMR Lab. From filing our first patent to starting work on new projects, we have had an eventful six months. Along with continuing work in heat treatment we have recently ventured out into the field of batteries. With our expertise in thermal management of PCB’s, applying the same to battery packs was a short step. After securing multiple government funded projects and completing a few consultancy projects, I am happy to say that the initiatives that PES University is taking to improving research are truly paying rich dividends. For this, I am grateful to the management and my team at the PMR Lab. Over the next few months, we are looking at expansions in our facilities and capacities along with hosting a number of student projects. Things are going to get interesting, and we invite you all to pop in for an update.

- Dr. V Krishna
Editor, Head, PMR Lab

Professor With a View
inspiration indeed

Dr. T R Seetharamu
Chair Professor
Mechanical Engineering

Dr. TR Seetharam is passionate about teaching Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer for Undergraduate students in Engineering. He is also keen in bringing about a radical change in the way laboratory courses are taught and evaluated. Some of these changes are incorporated to a large extent at PES University. He has a number of publications in the field of convection, radiation and heat exchangers. Having served on a number of advisory councils, a textbook in the works and with over 28 publications, Dr. TR Seetharam is an inspiration for hundreds of students and teachers alike.
Book Release

June 26, 2018 saw the release of “Compact Heat Exchangers - Analysis, Design and Optimisation using FEM and CFD Approach” a book authored by Dr. C Ranganayakulu (ADA Bangalore) and Dr. KN Seetharamu (Chair professor, PES University). Dr. G Jagadeesh (Chairman, Centre of Excellence in Hypersonics , IISC, Bangalore), released the book and mentioned that heat and transfer of heat are one of the most common forms of energy transfer processes. He said that the human body is the most versatile compact heat exchangers in creation. Dr. Girish S Deodhare (Director, ADA, Bangalore), the Guest of Honor complimented the authors and said that the heat exchangers designed by Dr. Ranganayakulu have proved their mettle in the Light Combat Aircraft project. The event was presided over by Dr. KNB Murthy (Vice-Chancellor, PES University) and witnessed a large gathering of students and admirers of the authors as well as faculty members.

A trip to Mexico

Dr. V. Krishna, Professor and Chairperson, Department of Post Graduate Studies, Mechanical Engineering, was invited as Visiting Professor to Tecnologico de Monterrey, Mexico (A Private University in Mexico with 25 campuses, 85,000 students and over 3500 full time faculty members) from 18 August – 2 September, 2018. He visited two campuses – Toluca Campus and Puebla Campus, as part of his visit.

Dr. Alfredo Santana Diaz, Professor Investigador, Tecnologico De Monterrey, Mexico awarding Dr. V. Krishna a token of appreciation. Dr. Alejandro Rojo Valerio, Director, Centro de Investigacion en Mecatronica Automotriz, Tecnologico de Monterrey was also present during this event.
Estimation of Hardness during Heat Treatment of Steels
Authors: Abhaya Simha NR, Sushanth MP, Sachin V Bagali, Maruti, TS Prasanna Kumar, V Krishna

To be published in: Material Science and Heat Treatment Journal, Springer Publications

Quenching is an important industrial process wherein the rate of heat transfer plays a vital role in the development of the microstructure and the material properties of the quenched product. In this article a hardness model for steels was developed using the Jominy type end quench test. The steels were heated to their austenitising temperatures and subsequently end quenched. Time-temperature data was recorded and the 2D axisymmetric heat conduction problem was solved which when coupled with austenite decomposition models, results in the microstructure distribution and chemical composition of the steels. Following austenising in a furnace at temperatures between 700-800°C, the steel samples were tested for hardness and their microstructure was observed. The estimated hardness and experimental hardness and experimentally determined hardness were found to be in good agreement. The models presented in this article for the prediction of hardness can also be used in conjunction with the Inverse Heat Conduction and Austenite Decomposition models to predict hardness in practical processes such as heat treatment and welding.
Effect of Carboxyl Graphene Nanofluid on Automobile Radiator Performance

Authors: S Sumanth, P Babu Rao, V Krishna, TR Seetharam, KN Seetharamu

Published in: International Journal of Heat Transfer - Asian Research, Wiley Publications

The improvement of transport machinery depends largely on the increasingly powerful engines that are available in the market. However, they are characterized by the release of exhaust gases at high temperatures; the heat of which needs to be removed efficiently for enhanced performance, usually achieved through radiators. In this article, the effect of carboxyl graphene nanofluid on the performance of an automobile radiator was studied. Nanofluids were chosen because they exhibit superior heat transfer rate compared to conventional base fluids. Carboxyl graphene nanoparticles were added to a 50:50 ethylene glycol-distilled water solution at concentrations ranging from 0.02%v/v to 0.04%v/v. The effect of the nanofluid was studied using parameters like Nusselt number, effectiveness and friction factor. Through the study, it was seen that a 23-27% increase in effectiveness was observed at low concentrations of the nanoparticle, which later reduced at higher concentrations. Two new correlations were also suggested for determining effectiveness of radiators using nano fluids.

Effect of Ambient Heat-in-leak on the Performance of Three-Fluid Cross-flow Heat Exchanger

Authors: JyothiPrakash KH

Published in: International Journal of Numerical Methods for Heat and Fluid Flow

Heat exchangers working in cryogenic temperature ranges are strongly affected by heat ingress from the ambient. This paper aims to investigate the effect of ambient heat-in-leak on the performance of a three-fluid cross flow cryogenic heat exchanger. The performance of the heat exchanger is determined using Effectiveness-Number of Transfer Units method. The effect of ambient heat in leak to the heat exchanger from the surrounding is to increase the dimensionless exit mean temperature of all three fluids. An increase in heat in leak parameter from 0 to 0.1 reduces hot fluid effectiveness by 32% for an NTU value of 10.
# Projects

*in the pipeline*

## Government Projects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Funding Agency</th>
<th>Amount in INR</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Optimisation of Blended Winglets for Trapezoidal Wings</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
<td>AR&amp;DB, Govt. of India</td>
<td>8,03,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Centre for Design, Analysis and Development of Heat Exchangers</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
<td>KCTU, Govt. of Karnataka &amp; PESU</td>
<td>1,00,00,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal Design Optimisation of Printed Circuit Boards</td>
<td>2 Years</td>
<td>ISRO, Govt. of India</td>
<td>28,60,000</td>
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## Consultancy Projects

<table>
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<th>Title</th>
<th>Organisation / Client</th>
<th>Value in INR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thermal Management of Battery Packs</td>
<td>ATI Motors</td>
<td>40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automation of Puppet Installation</td>
<td>Indian Musical Experience</td>
<td>35,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermal Analysis of Twin Screw Extruder</td>
<td>Steer Engineering Pvt. Ltd.</td>
<td>25,000</td>
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## Patents

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Patent Holders</th>
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<tr>
<td>ADVANCED COOLANT WITH NANO PARTICLES</td>
<td>PES University</td>
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Battery Thermal Management

With offering consultancy in modelling and thermal optimisation of batteries and battery packs, we at PMR lab are currently exploring the applications of thermal management techniques in the field of battery cooling. Batteries, now essential systems of a number of green technologies, are limited in terms of life and capacity both of which depend on their operating temperature. Sumanth is currently working on thermal behaviour of cylindrical and prismatic Lithium Ion batteries using different SAE drive cycle models.

3D Heat Treatment Simulation

The HTC model which was indigenously developed, was given as a Heat Flux input to the model and the Heat Treatment process is to be simulated to predict results. Initially, simple stainless steel cylinder shapes will be simulated and validated with experimentation. Further work will be extended to complicated shapes and alloy steels.

Mathematical Modelling of Heat Transfer Coefficient During Quenching

Any heat treatment process involves heating the object to a given temperature such that the object is uniformly heated before quenching. The temperature from which it is quenched is called the initial soaking temperature. A method to model the heat flux during quenching is being developed to bring out the effect of the initial soaking temperature.

Quench Probes with different diameter of stainless steel will be used. These probes were quench from different initial soaking temperatures ranging from 700 to 950 C in water. The heat flux and temperature at the quenched surface were estimated based on the inverse heat-conduction method. A model for the surface heat flux will be developed as a function of dimensionless parameters.
Chief Patrons

Dr. MR Doreswamy
Founder Chairman, PES Institutions Chancellor

Prof. D Jawahar
CEO, PES Institutions Pro Chancellor

Key Office Bearers

Dr. KNB Murthy
Vice-Chancellor

Dr. V Krishnamurthy
Registrar

The Team

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PMR Lab Chairperson
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Mr. Sumanth S
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